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# **The status of the WTO DDA negotiations and the Mediterranean products: Domestic Support**

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▶ **Domestic Support in the DDA round negotiations**

- *significance of “real” cuts*
- *the new modalities draft*
- *EU and US interests in Domestic Support*

▶ **Domestic Support and Mediterranean products**

- *extent of cuts*
- *timing and impact on policy*

# Domestic Support in the DDA

- Importance more political than economic
- G-20 and other developing countries have zeroed in on US and EU domestic support
- Cuts have to be substantial and “real”
- Problem is that, in a high price period, support does not cost much in US
- EU however has the policy space for major cuts

# Domestic Support in the DDA

- Falconer draft of May 19 has full text on DS with relatively few open decisions
- Both US and EU have “accepted” cuts within the range in the Falconer text (subject to agreement in other areas)
- Ministers will need to strike final deal on cuts
- Some difficulties anticipated “back home” after the Ministerial (US Congress, French)

# Domestic Support in the DDA

- New indicator introduced: Overall Trade Distorting Support (AMS plus Blue Box plus 10 percent of VOP)
- Reduced by ... depending on level of Base OTDS (1995-2000 average)
  - EU in top tier (75 or 85 percent cut)
  - US in second tier (66 or 73 percent cut)
  - Most countries in third tier (50 or 60 percent cut)

# Domestic Support in the DDA

- Final Bound Total AMS to be reduced by ... percent depending on URAA bindings
  - EU in top tier (70 percent)
  - US in second tier (60 percent)
  - Most countries in third tier (45 percent)
- Product-specific limits: AMS pegged at average of 1995-2000

# Domestic Support in the DDA

- Blue Box definition changed to include payments based on fixed acres and head even if no supply control is in effect
- Blue Box limited to 2.5 percent of Value of Production in 1995-2000 base period
- Product-specific Blue Box payments capped at 1995-2000 levels (EU) or function of “legislated maximum permissible expenditure” applied to 2.5 percent VOP (US)

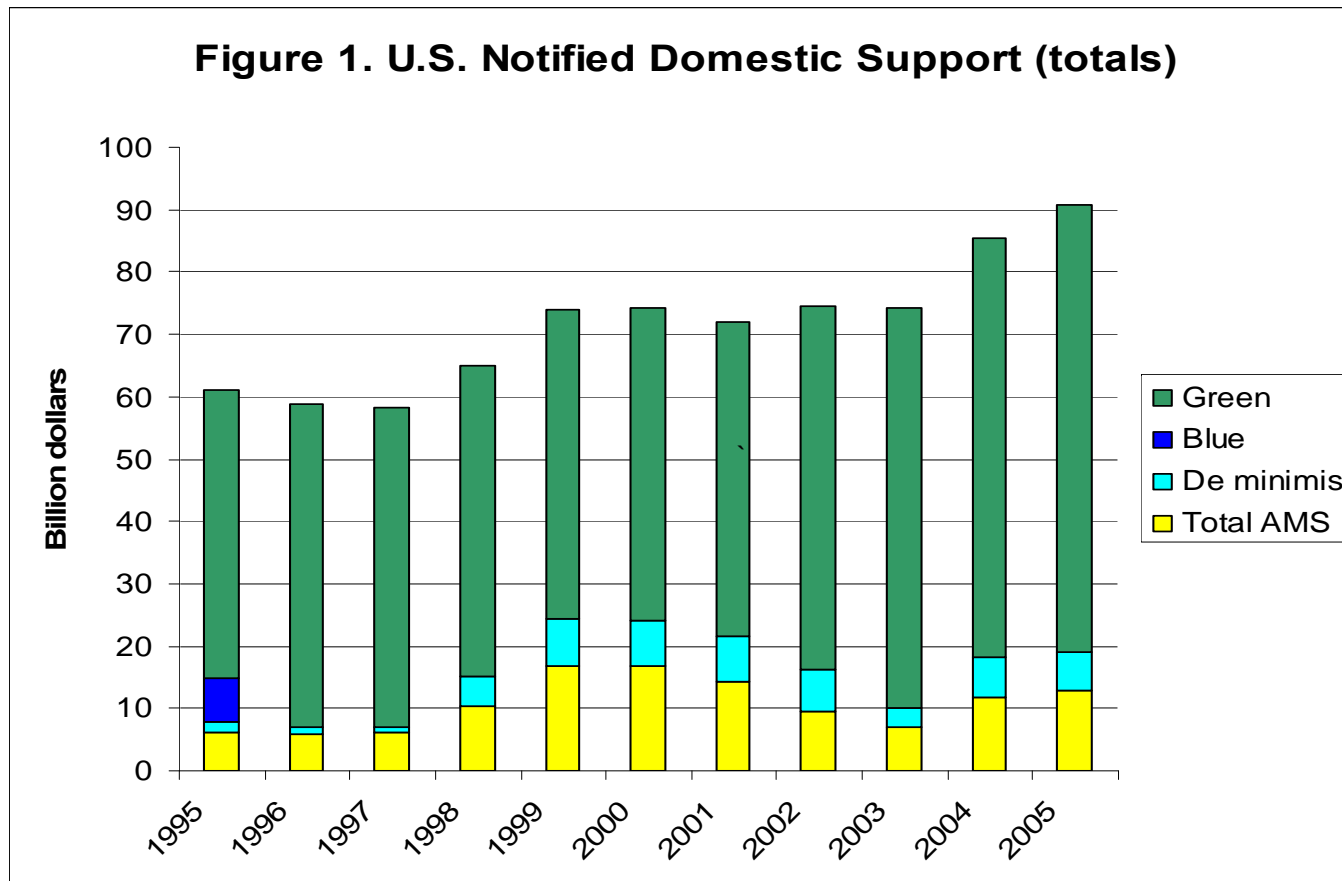
# Domestic Support in the DDA

- De Minimis amounts cut by [50][60] percent
- Cotton support has to be reduced by more and in shorter time (C4 proposal still in text)
- Reduction of AMS by 82 (US) or 84 (EU) percent in two years
- Blue Box for cotton one-third of other product limits

# Impact on US

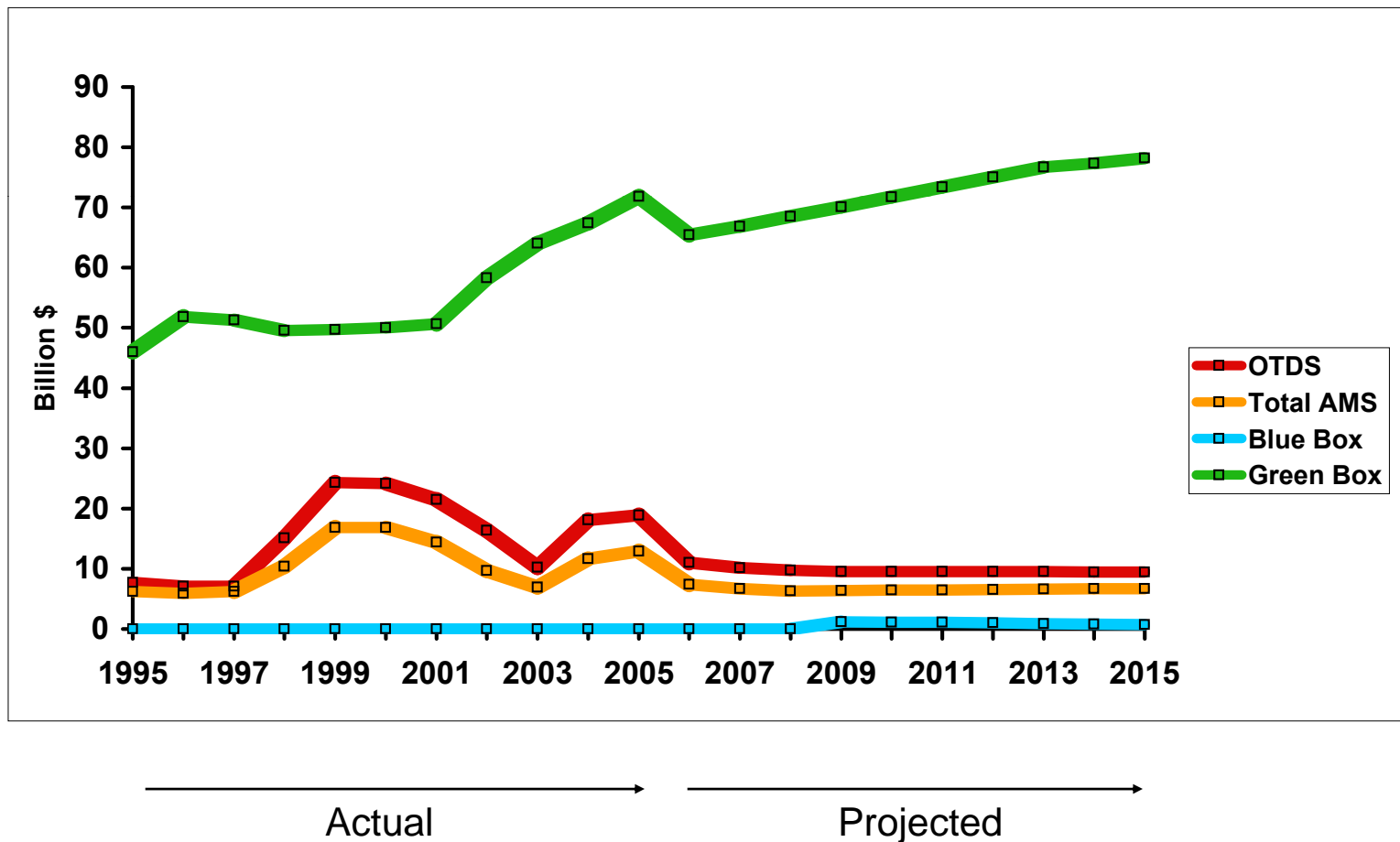
- US started with low support in 1995-1998 period
- Rise in domestic support levels started with “emergency payments” in 1998-2002 and was institutionalized in 2002 Farm Bill
- Position of US is now largely defensive
- 2008 Farm Bill reauthorized main programs and did not move (significantly) towards trade-neutral policies

# U.S. notified domestic support



Source: WTO notifications (after Blandford Josling, Calabria presentation)

# Actual and projected US WTO notifications



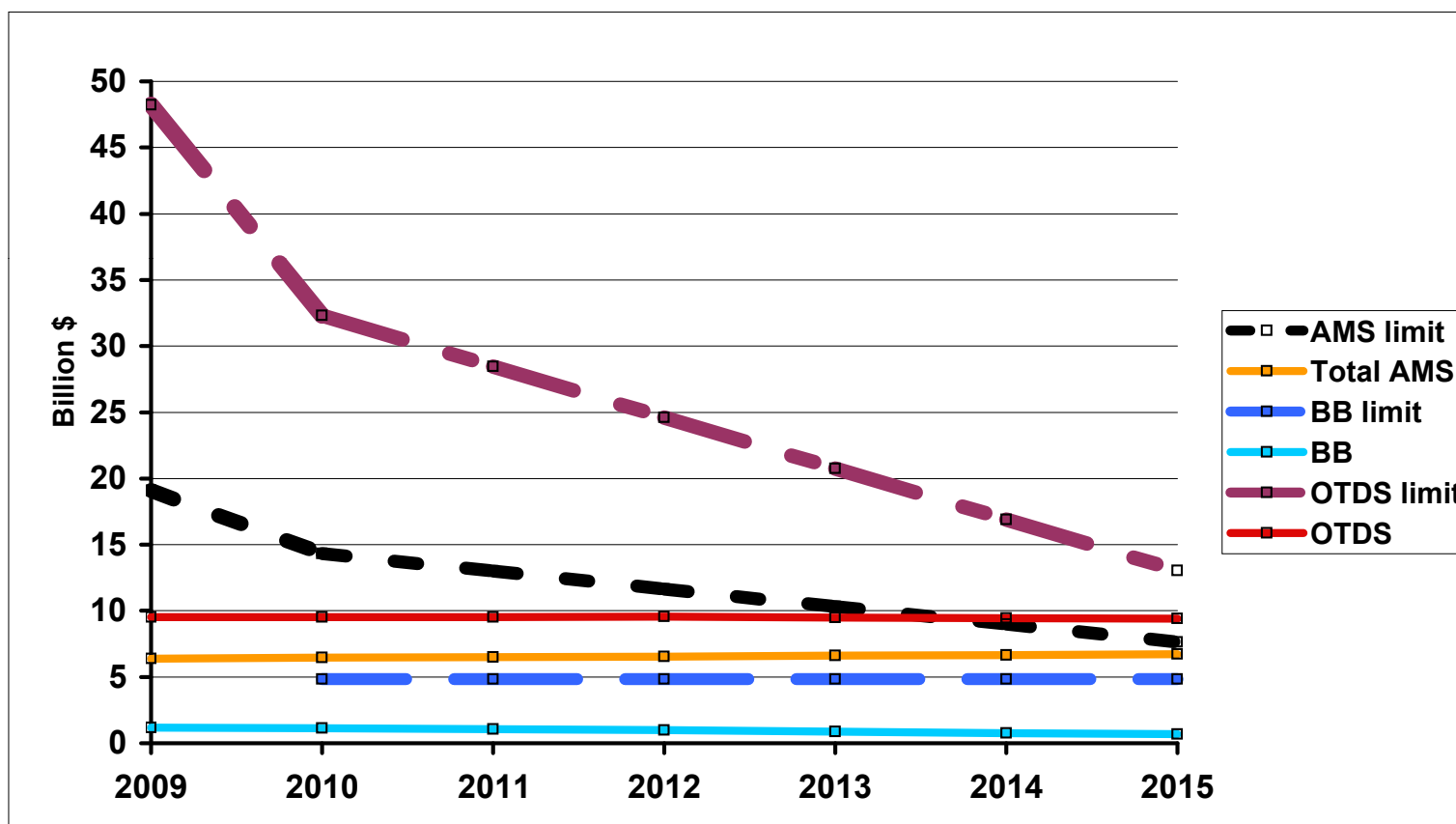
Source: WTO notifications and Blandford's estimates  
 Iosling, Calabria presentation

# The support modalities for the US

	Base \$ billion	-60%	-73%	-82%
OTDS	48.2	19.3	13.0	
AMS	19.1	7.64		
Cotton AMS	0.80			0.14

Blue Box cap = \$4.85 billion

# Consistency of US Domestic Support notifications with new WTO support limits (higher cuts)

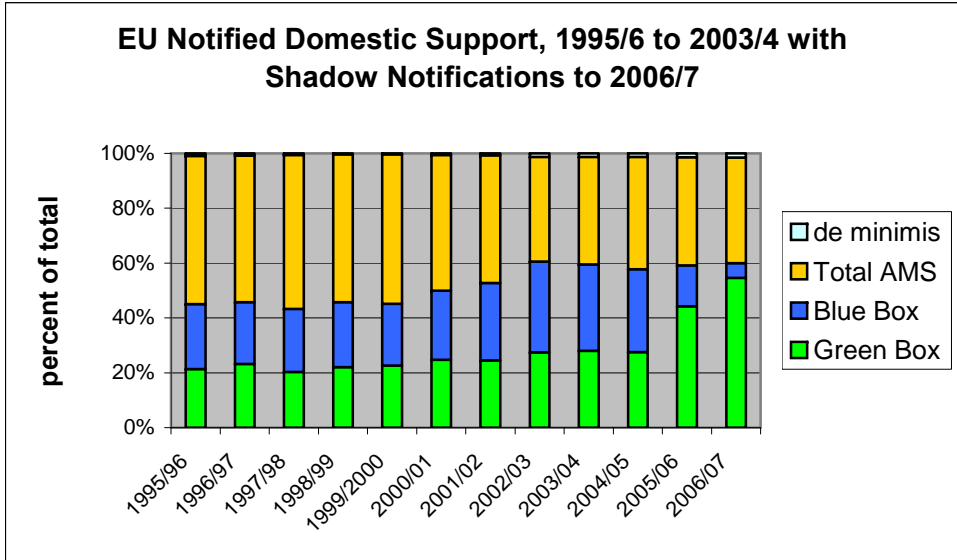
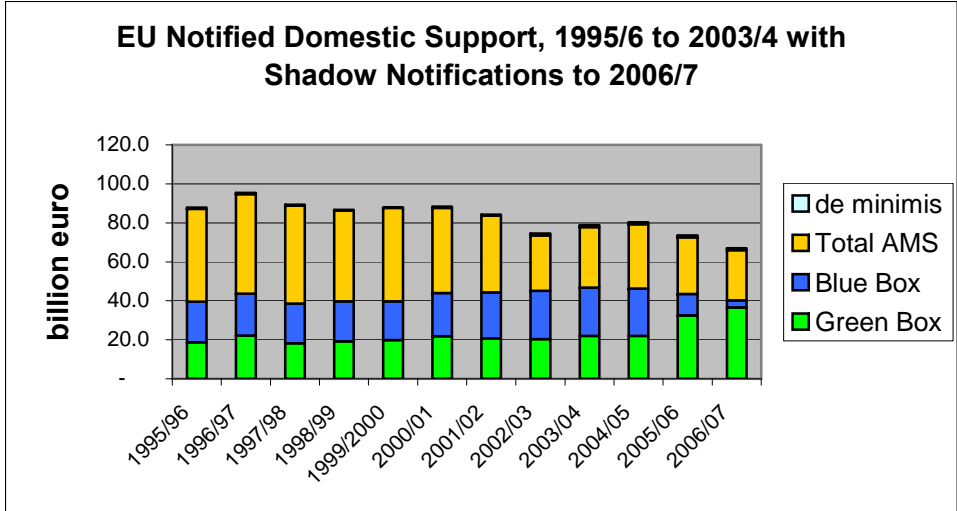


# Impact on US Policy

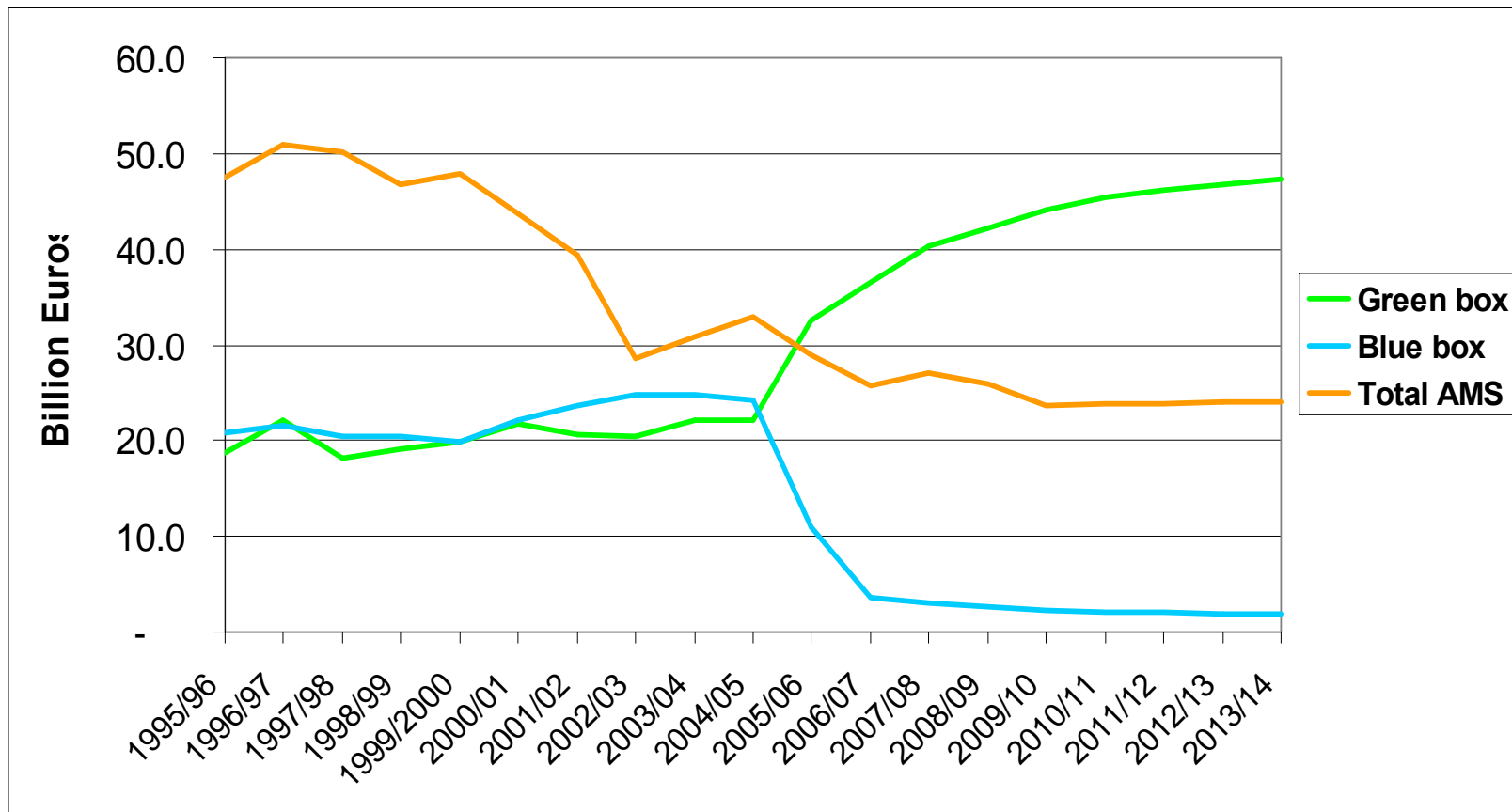
- US will be “safe” for the life of the 2008 Farm Bill if prices stay firm
- Most “water” squeezed out so that limits are binding by that time
- By 2013 (next Farm Bill) further reform will be needed
- Cosmetic changes to administered prices for milk could also keep AMS down
- Blue box constraints could be a problem for US

# Domestic Support and the EU

- High levels of EU domestic support have been target of US and other exporters in DDA
- CAP reforms (1992, 1999, 2003 and 2004) have changed the profile of EU domestic programs
- Will the DDA Modalities cap the CAP?



## Notifications of Domestic Support, EU, 1995/96 to 2003/04, with Shadow Notifications to 2006/07 and Projections to 2013/14

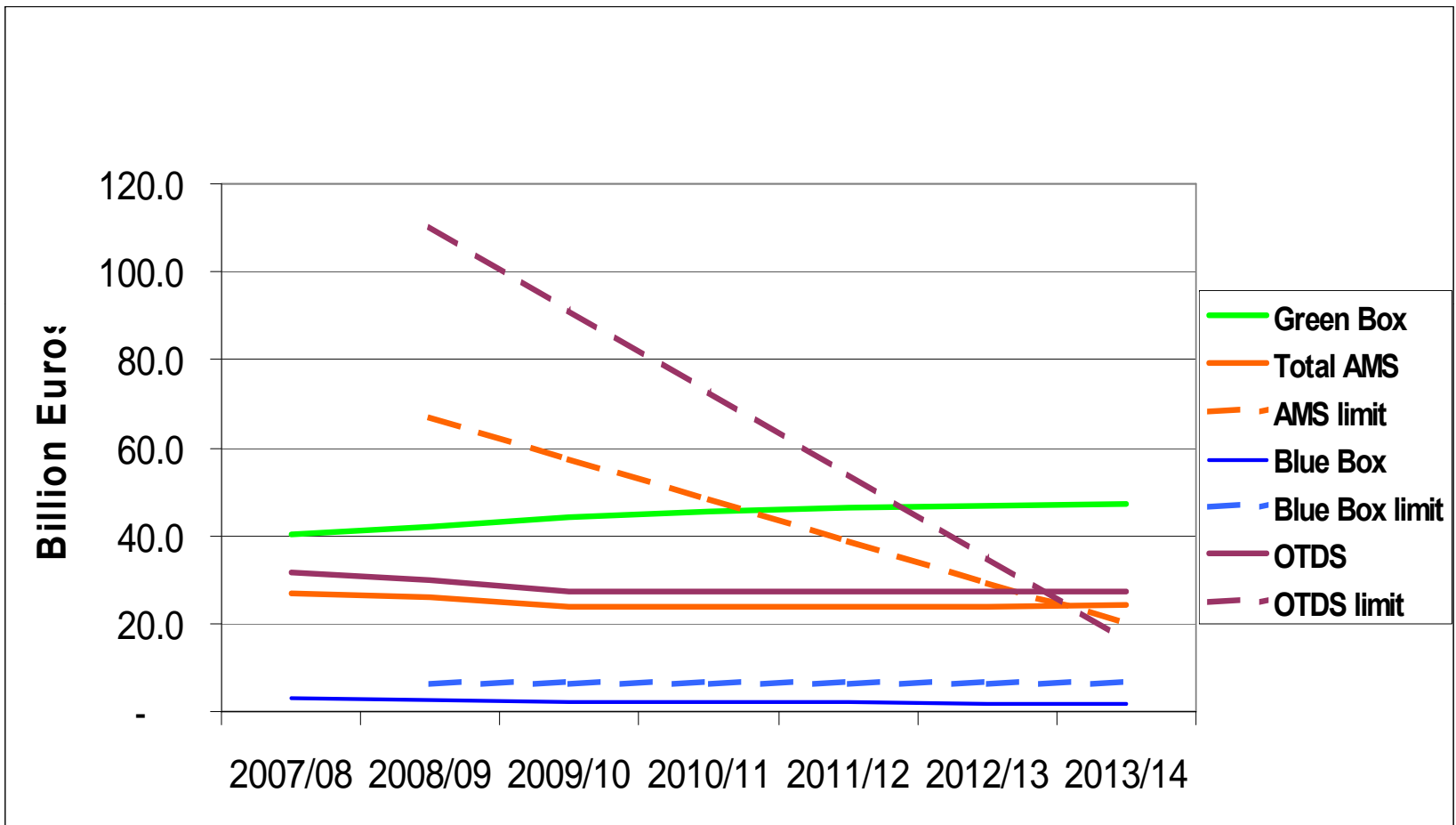


# The support modalities for the EU

	Base billion Euro	-75%	-85%	-84%
OTDS	110.3	27.6	16.5	
AMS	67.2	20.1		
Cotton AMS	0.80			0.12

Blue Box cap = 5.57 billion euro

# Consistency of EU Domestic Support notifications with new WTO support limits (higher cuts)



# Domestic Support Impact

- CAP will be “safe” until 2012
- “Water” squeezed out so that limits are binding by that time
- By 2013 further reforms will be needed
- 2013 is start of next budget cycle and reforms are on the cards for that reason
- Cosmetic changes to administered prices for fruits and vegetables could also keep AMS down
- Blue box constraints not a problem for EU

# Mediterranean Goods

- US has (almost) no AMS for Mediterranean goods
- Product-specific limits not an issue
  - \$142.92 limit for tobacco
  - \$35.54 limit for Sunflower
- Non-product-specific AMS includes \$2 million for CA/NY Tree Assistance program
- Blue Box limit for Sunflower could be set at \$8.1 million

# Mediterranean Goods

- Situation is very different in EU

	AMS Limit	2003/04 notification
Med Products	million euro	
Rice	463.7	420.7
Olive oil	1,909.9	2,649.1
Tobacco	962.4	923.9
Table grapes	247.1	185.2
Lemons	359.2	329.4
Oranges	389.5	329.4
Tomatoes	3,146.4	1,887.8
Tomatoes for processing	340.5	315.9
Total above	7,818.7	7,041.4

# Mediterranean Goods

- But none are likely to be binding
- Reform has moved rice, olive oil and tobacco support (largely) to green box
- Processed fruit and vegetable support has also been shifted
- Alternative ways of notifying support for fresh fruit and vegetables would reduce AMS without changing domestic prices

# Mediterranean Goods

- Some Blue Box payments in EU

	Average 1995-2000	Notified 2003/04
	million euro	
Durum supplements	1,019.8	1,113.0
rice payments	59.9	-
total	1,079.7	1,113.0

Blue Box product-specific limits not likely to be binding

# Summary

- Domestic Support reductions will impinge on US at end of 2008 Farm Bill period
- Low prices between now and then would cause some product-specific problems (but not for Specialty Crops)
- “Real” cuts may be elusive (current OTDS is about \$11 billion, so a cap of \$13 billion will not have an impact)
- The ability to put a lid on US trade-distorting spending is surely appealing to other countries!

# Summary

- Domestic Support limits will be binding on EU, at least from 2013
- CAP reform has given EU considerable space in AMS and Blue Box
- Continuation of reform would suggest that this space will not be needed
- EU can therefore effectively “sell” its AMS and Blue Box cushion for market access

# Summary

- EU Mediterranean goods have enjoyed AMS support in the past, but reform has shifted most of this support to the green box
- AMS constraints will not be a problem: small changes in notification can cause AMS to fall
- EU will be looking for benefits from GI issues to be able to sell the package at home