

The Changing Marketplace for California Crops: Focus on Fresh Fruits and Vegetables

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Overview of Presentation

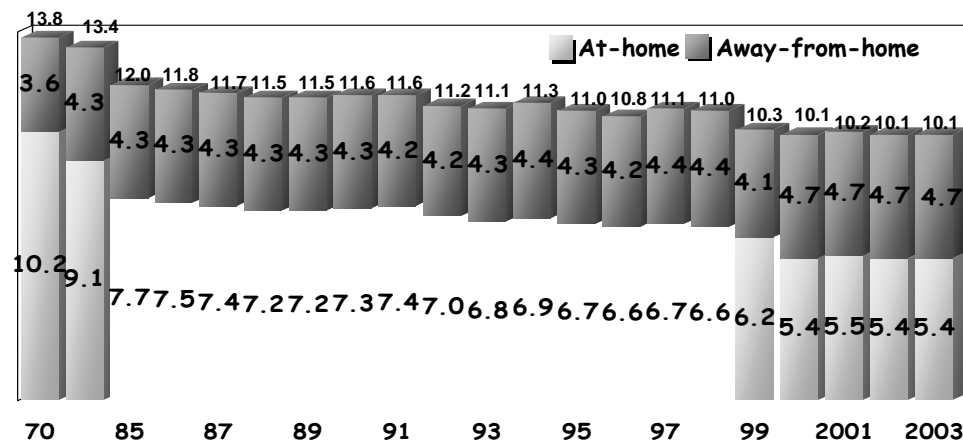
- **US food industry size and structure**
- **Channel blurring and store format trends**
- **Bottom Line**
- **Examples of firm-level responses**

TOTAL 2003 U.S. *FOOD SYSTEM:
\$943.3 BILLION**

- ◆ **\$498.3 billion food retailing (excluding non-food grocery store sales)**
 - 53% of total
- ◆ **\$445 billion food service (including \$17.8B foodservice sales made by food retailers)**
 - 47% of total
 - around 844,000 outlets

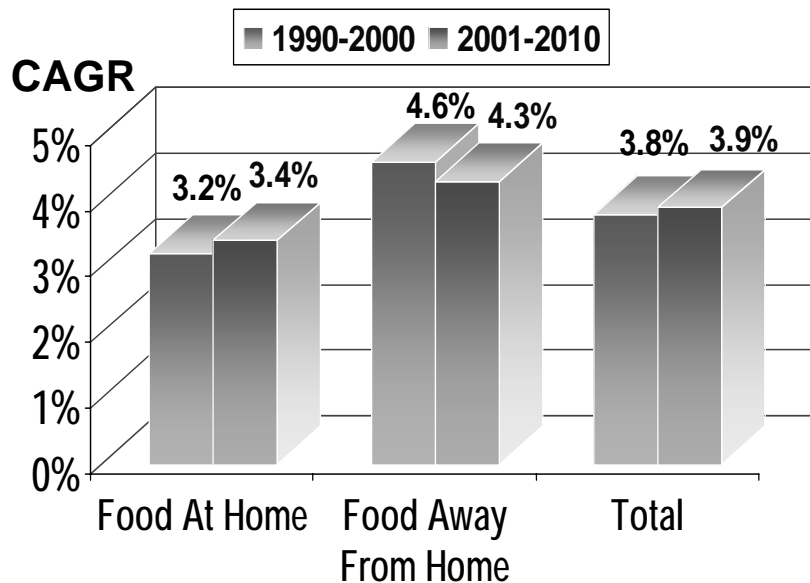
*Excludes alcoholic beverages and other grocery
Sources: ERS/USDA and The Food Institute

**U.S. FOOD EXPENDITURES *as a SHARE*
of DISPOSABLE PERSONAL INCOME, 1970-2003**



Source: ERS/USDA

Trends in US Food Expenditures



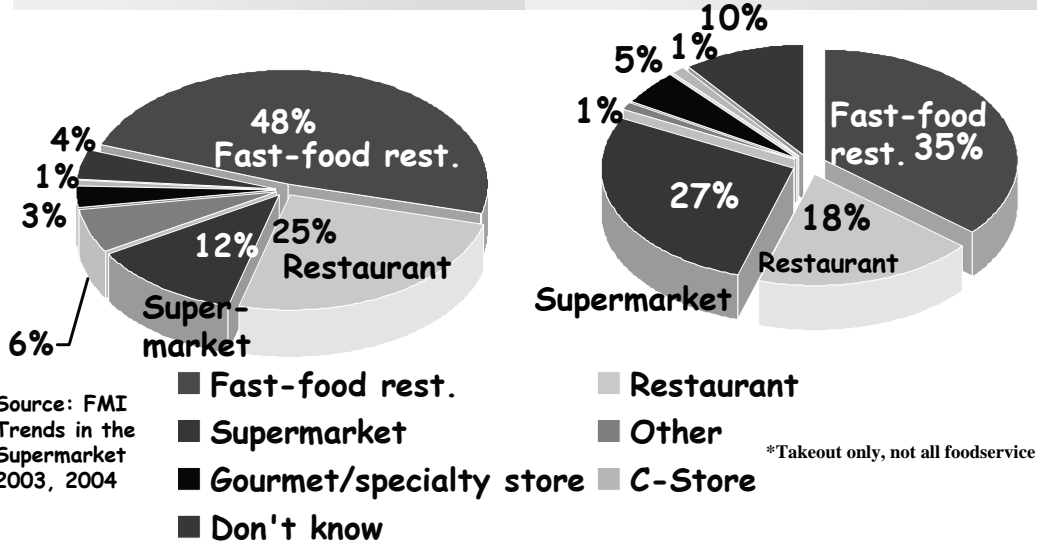
FOODSERVICE OPPORTUNITIES FOR FRESH PRODUCE

- ◆ Consumers are trading up, contributing to higher sales in full service restaurants and fast casual (like Baja Fresh, Chipotle, Panera)
- ◆ Consumers search for *VALUE*, 62% say they are *“willing to spend more time and money for better quality food.”*
- ◆ Foodservice fresh produce and fresh-cut demand rising. Subway’s is the #1 buyer of fresh tomatoes, McDonald’s now the top foodservice apple buyer and a top 5 foodservice buyer of spring salad mix and grape tomatoes.

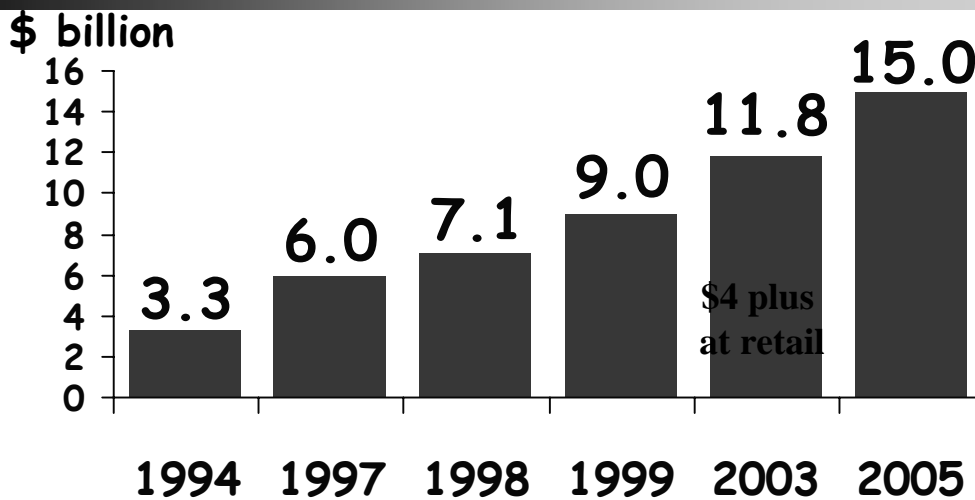
Sources of Takeout* Food in the US, Supermarkets Gaining!

1996

2004



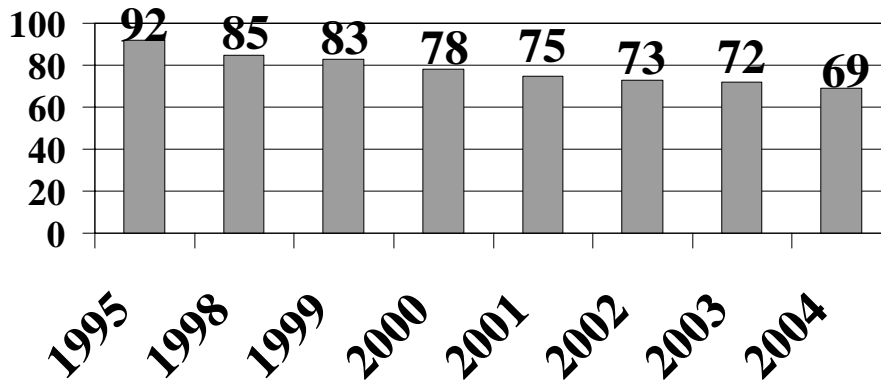
US Estimated Fresh-cut Produce Sales, All Marketing Channels, \$ Billion



Over 60% estimated to be sold via foodservice channels

Sources: IFPA and IRI

Supermarket Trips Per US Household Per Year



Source: ACNielsen

Quality of Shopping Experience by Channel, TRI*M Index (Differences of 3 or more are significant)



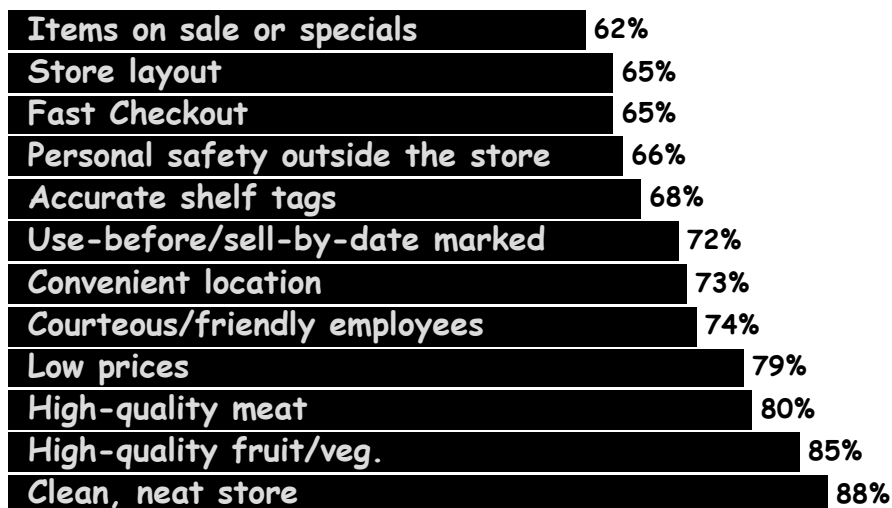
Source: Coca-Cola Retailing Research Council of N. America 2004

Quality of Shopping Experience by *SUPERMARKET TYPE*, TRI*M Index (Differences of 3 or more are significant)



Source: Coca-Cola Retailing Research Council of N. America 2004

Top Factors in US Consumer Selection of Primary Supermarkets, 2004



Source: FMI Trends 2004

US Store Format Growth Trends and 2003 Sales*

	<i>2003 Sales \$Million</i>	<i>2003 # Stores</i>	<i>2003 \$ % Share</i>	<i>2008 \$ % Share</i>
Traditional	\$422,791	41,530	56.3	48.3
Nontraditional	\$235,100	40,721	31.3	39.7
Total C-Stores	\$93,518	129,000	12.4	12.0
GRAND TOTAL	\$754,408	213,981	100.0	100.0

*Grocery sales only, excludes electronics, prescription drugs, toys, jewelry, sporting goods, gas, clothing, footwear, knickknacks, and hardlines
Source: Competitive Edge, June 2004

US Store Format Growth Trends and 2003 Sales* Nontraditional Grocery Channel

	<i>2003 Sales \$Million</i>	<i>2003 # Stores</i>	<i>2003 \$ % Share</i>	<i>2008 \$ % Share</i>
Total Nontraditional	\$235,100	40,721	31.3	39.7
Wholesale Club	\$51,953	1,030	6.9	8.7
Supercenter	\$85,155	1,840	11.3	17.0
Dollar Store	\$10,686	15,000	1.4	2.9
Drug	\$33,189	18,500	4.4	5.2
Mass Merchandise	\$49,873	4,170	6.6	5.3
Military	\$4,243	181	0.6	0.6

* Grocery sales only, excludes electronics, prescription drugs, toys, jewelry, sporting goods, etc.
Source: Competitive Edge, June 2004